



Assumed applied  $F = 20\text{ lb}$

Without torsion bar:

~~$$M_0 = 20(12) = 240\text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in}$$~~

With no torsion bar, the clamp will have to withstand a moment of  $240\text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in}$  estimated.

Torsion bar:

$$\tau = \frac{T r}{J}$$

$$J = \frac{\pi r^4}{2} = \frac{\pi (0.125)^4}{2} = 3.83 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ in}^4$$

$$\tau = \frac{T r}{J}$$

$$\tau = \frac{(240\text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in})(0.125\text{ in})}{3.83 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ in}^4}$$

$$\tau = 78.23\text{ kpsi}$$

If the load is transferred to a torsion bar, the bar will need to withstand  $78.23\text{ kpsi}$  of shear stress. Analysis indicates the torsion bar will have to be much thicker.

If the diameter is increased to  $0.75\text{ in}$ , the stress is reduced to  $362\text{ psi}$ .